

A photograph of a dry, rocky landscape. In the foreground, there is a gravelly area with some sparse, dry vegetation. A road runs along the right side of the image. In the background, there are green trees on the left and a dry, hilly landscape under a clear blue sky on the right.

# Long-term Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program Scoping Meeting

**Prepared by:**

**Central Valley Regional Water Board**

**Jones and Stokes, Associates**

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# Introductions

- Regional Water Board project team
- Jones and Stokes, Associates project team
- Coalition representatives



# Meeting Goals

- Gather feedback/ideas, long-term irrigated lands regulatory program:
  - Potential scope and goals
  - Alternatives for achieving program goals
  - Alternative regulatory tools
  - Alternative evaluation measures
- Discuss next steps and Environmental Impact Report process
- Questionnaire

# Irrigated Lands Discharge

- Agricultural tailwater, stormwater runoff, and subsurface drainage may contain pollutants
- Discharge surface water/percolation to groundwater may impact beneficial uses:
  - Municipal supply, aquatic life...
- Pollutants include:
  - nutrients
  - pesticides
  - salts...sediment



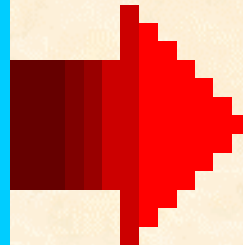






# Requirements, Any Discharge:

- **Anyone discharging pollutants**
- **Into State waters**
  - Canals, rivers, lakes, bays, estuaries, ponds, groundwater...



- **File a discharge application\* with the Regional Water Board or;**
- **Obtain conditional waiver coverage**

\*Report of Waste Discharge

# Regional Water Board Regulates Many Discharges

- Example: Construction Stormwater
  - Construction sites grading more than 1-acre, discharge permit required
  - Implement best management practices
  - Conduct monitoring and reporting



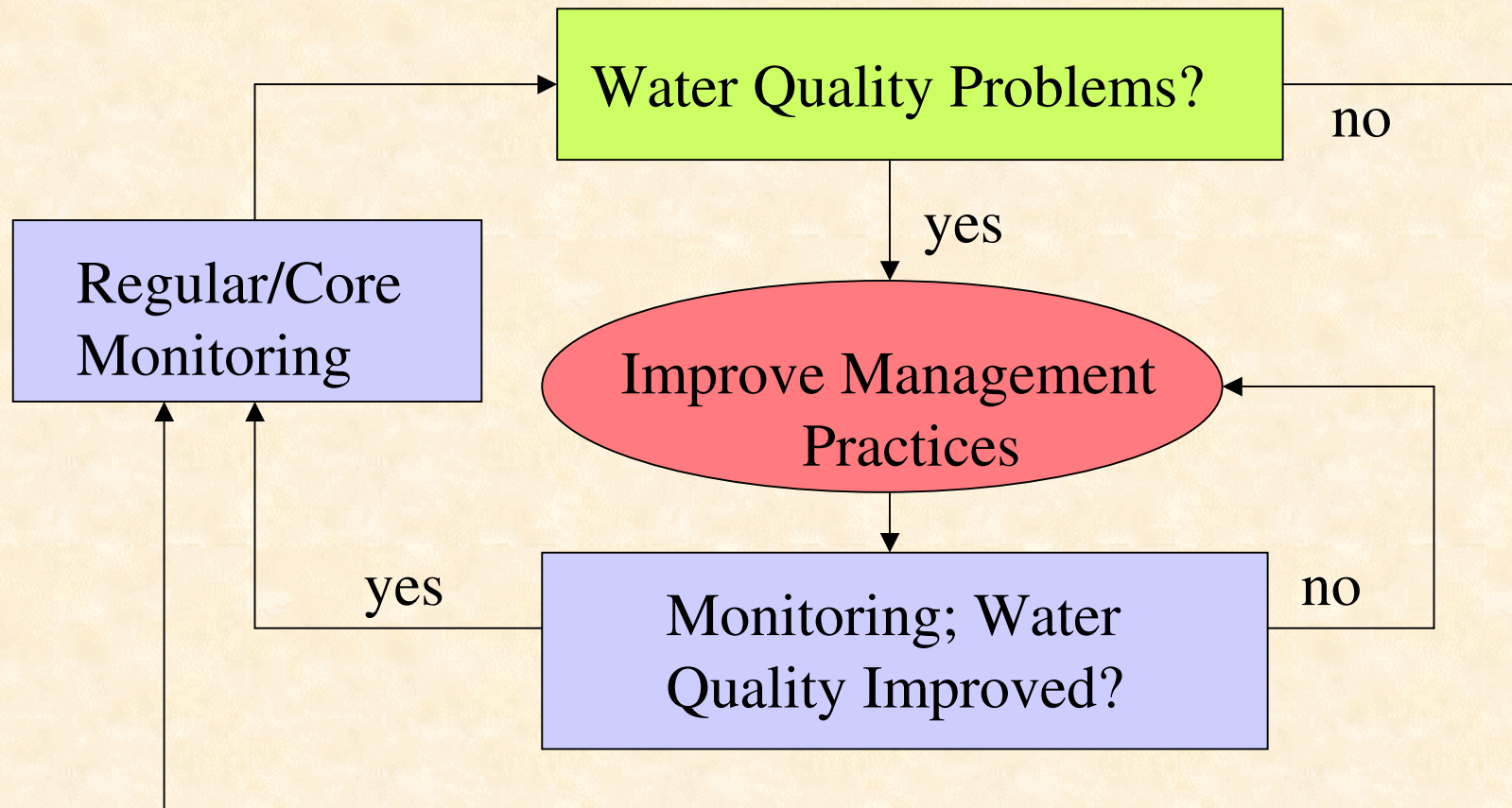
- Retain management plans onsite
- Conduct wet weather inspections

# Current Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program

- Conditional Waiver (individual/Coalition)
  - Coverage for irrigated lands pollutant discharge to surface waters
  - Requires compliance with Basin Plan water quality objectives
  - Requires water quality monitoring
  - Improve water quality through source control management practices



# Current Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program Focus



# Coalition Groups

- Intermediary between growers and Regional Water Board
- Work with growers to identify water quality problems
  - Conduct monitoring
  - Develop management plans
- Growers are ultimately responsible for compliance with Conditional Waiver





# Central Valley Coalitions

- **Sacramento Valley Water Quality Coalition**
- **California Rice Commission**
- **San Joaquin County & Delta Water Quality Coalition**
- **Westside San Joaquin River Watershed Coalition**
- **East San Joaquin Water Quality Coalition**
- **Southern San Joaquin Valley Water Quality Coalition**
- **Westlands Water District**
- **Goose Lake Water Quality Coalition**



# Existing Conditions Report



- Purpose
- Public Comment & Review
- Revisions Based on Public Comment
  - Chapter 3 – Surface Water Quality
  - Chapter 4 – Ground Water Quality
  - Chapter 5 – Management Practices



# Development, Long-term Program

- Why?
  - Irrigated lands operations can add pollution to State waters (ground and surface waters)
  - Current Waiver considered interim program
  - Other polluting operations are regulated:
    - municipal/industrial/construction stormwater
    - industrial wastewater
    - municipal wastewater...



# Long-Term Program

- Regional Water Board direction to conduct Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for long-term program
- Long-term program alternatives necessary to conduct EIR
  - Surface/ground water
  - Irrigated lands definition
  - Program goals
  - Program implementation



# Long-term Program – Irrigated Lands Definition

Current Definition	Possible Change
Lands where water is applied to produce crops including: land planted to row, vineyard, pasture, rice, greenhouse with permeable floors, managed wetlands...	Current definition, <b>except</b> for <u>managed wetlands</u> and <u>greenhouse operations</u> with permeable floors

# Scope: Long-term Program

Current Scope	Possible Change
<p>Regulation of waste discharge from irrigated lands to <u>surface</u> waters</p> <p>Waste: salts, nutrients, pesticides, sediment...</p>	<p>Regulation of waste discharge from irrigated lands to <u>ground and surface</u> waters</p>





# Goals: Long-term Program

Current Goals	Possible Change
<p>Protection of beneficial uses (municipal supply, habitat...) in <u>surface</u> waters receiving wastes from irrigated lands</p> <p>Beneficial uses: meet applicable water quality objectives</p>	<p>Protection of beneficial uses (municipal supply, habitat) in <u>ground and surface</u> waters receiving wastes from irrigated lands</p>

# Allowable Degradation?

- In some areas, existing ground/surface water quality may be much better than standards
- Goal of meeting existing standards may allow existing water quality to be degraded
- Beneficial uses must be protected
- Best practical treatment or control



# Alternative Approaches for Achieving Program Goals

- Current program – similar approach for everyone
- Can regulatory requirements be applied in a more focused manner? Focus on similar:



- Geography
  - Climate
  - Commodity
  - Operations
  - Irrigation Practices
  - Threat to water quality
- Must achieve goals (protect Beneficial Uses)

# Alternative Regulatory Approaches

- Discharge limitations
- Pollution minimization requirements
- Management practices
- Operational requirements
- Monitoring
- Regulatory mechanisms:
  - Waste discharge requirements, waivers, discharge prohibitions





# Evaluating Program Alternatives

- Environmental impacts/benefits
  - Impacts: mitigation measures?
  - Ground vs. surface water protection
  - Reduced chemical usage - benefit
- Economic impacts
  - Impacts to State and local economy
  - Cost of management measures
  - Cost of regulatory program

# Evaluating Program Alternatives

- Efficiency
  - Cost effective for State and Agricultural community
  - Most efficient program alternative = best
- Fair
  - Level of regulatory oversight commensurate with the level of potential threat to water quality
  - Comparison with other programs
  - Consistency



# Evaluating Program Alternatives

- Effectiveness at protecting water quality
  - Compare with other programs
    - e.g., other Regional Water Boards (Central Coast)
    - Other states
- Must be consistent with applicable State and federal laws
  - Program must be consistent with Basin Plan requirements

# Comments?





# Project Timeline

## (subject to change)

- Summer 2008: Finalize Existing Conditions Report
- Fall 2008: Draft staff report for long-term irrigated lands regulatory program
- Spring 2009: Draft Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for long-term irrigated lands regulatory program
- Summer 2009: Regional Board certification of EIR and long-term program

# Interaction with Stakeholders

- How would you like to work with us or be kept updated as we move forward?





# Environmental Impact Report (EIR) Progress

- Progress on EIR
- Alternatives to the proposed long term Program
- Analysis in EIR
- Draft EIR/ Public Comment Period
- Final EIR
- Adoption

# Contact Information

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- Long-term program website:
  - [http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/centralvalley/water\\_issues/irrigated\\_lands/development\\_long\\_term\\_ilrp/index.shtml](http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/centralvalley/water_issues/irrigated_lands/development_long_term_ilrp/index.shtml)